

Coordinate Transformations

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1 Basic equations in co-orthogonal coordinate system (x, y)

$$\frac{\partial h}{\partial t} + \frac{\partial(hu_x)}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial(hu_y)}{\partial y} = 0 \quad (1)$$

$$\frac{\partial(u_x h)}{\partial t} + \frac{\partial(hu_x^2)}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial(hu_x u_y)}{\partial y} = -hg \frac{\partial H}{\partial x} - \frac{\tau_x}{\rho} + D^x \quad (2)$$

$$\frac{\partial(u_y h)}{\partial t} + \frac{\partial(hu_x u_y)}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial(hu_y^2)}{\partial y} = -hg \frac{\partial H}{\partial y} - \frac{\tau_y}{\rho} + D^y \quad (3)$$

in which, bed shear stress terms and momentum diffusion terms can be expressed as follows:

$$\frac{\tau_x}{\rho} = C_d u_x \sqrt{u_x^2 + u_y^2} \quad \frac{\tau_y}{\rho} = C_d u_y \sqrt{u_x^2 + u_y^2} \quad (4)$$

$$D^x = \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left[\nu_t \frac{\partial(u_x h)}{\partial x} \right] + \frac{\partial}{\partial y} \left[\nu_t \frac{\partial(u_x h)}{\partial y} \right] \quad (5)$$

$$D^y = \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left[\nu_t \frac{\partial(u_y h)}{\partial x} \right] + \frac{\partial}{\partial y} \left[\nu_t \frac{\partial(u_y h)}{\partial y} \right] \quad (6)$$

2 Transformation into general coordinate system (ξ, η)

Chain rules are used for the transformation of partial differentiations.

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial x} = \frac{\partial \xi}{\partial x} \frac{\partial}{\partial \xi} + \frac{\partial \eta}{\partial x} \frac{\partial}{\partial \eta} \quad (7)$$

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial y} = \frac{\partial \xi}{\partial y} \frac{\partial}{\partial \xi} + \frac{\partial \eta}{\partial y} \frac{\partial}{\partial \eta} \quad (8)$$

or,

$$\begin{pmatrix} \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \\ \frac{\partial}{\partial y} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \xi_x & \eta_x \\ \xi_y & \eta_y \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \frac{\partial}{\partial \xi} \\ \frac{\partial}{\partial \eta} \end{pmatrix} \quad (9)$$

in which,

$$\xi_x = \frac{\partial \xi}{\partial x}, \quad \xi_y = \frac{\partial \xi}{\partial y}, \quad \eta_x = \frac{\partial \eta}{\partial x}, \quad \eta_y = \frac{\partial \eta}{\partial y} \quad (10)$$

in the same way,

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial \xi} = \frac{\partial x}{\partial \xi} \frac{\partial}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial y}{\partial \xi} \frac{\partial}{\partial y} \quad (11)$$

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial \eta} = \frac{\partial x}{\partial \eta} \frac{\partial}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial y}{\partial \eta} \frac{\partial}{\partial y} \quad (12)$$

or,

$$\begin{pmatrix} \frac{\partial}{\partial \xi} \\ \frac{\partial}{\partial \eta} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} x_\xi & y_\xi \\ x_\eta & y_\eta \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \\ \frac{\partial}{\partial y} \end{pmatrix} \quad (13)$$

in which,

$$x_\xi = \frac{\partial x}{\partial \xi}, \quad x_\eta = \frac{\partial x}{\partial \eta}, \quad y_\xi = \frac{\partial y}{\partial \xi}, \quad y_\eta = \frac{\partial y}{\partial \eta} \quad (14)$$

therefore,

$$\begin{pmatrix} \frac{\partial}{\partial \xi} \\ \frac{\partial}{\partial \eta} \end{pmatrix} = \frac{1}{\xi_x \eta_y - \xi_y \eta_x} \begin{pmatrix} \eta_y & -\eta_x \\ -\xi_y & \xi_x \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \\ \frac{\partial}{\partial y} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} x_\xi & y_\xi \\ x_\eta & y_\eta \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \\ \frac{\partial}{\partial y} \end{pmatrix} \quad (15)$$

Using the transformation Jacobian $J = \xi_x \eta_y - \xi_y \eta_x$,

$$\frac{1}{J} \begin{pmatrix} \eta_y & -\eta_x \\ -\xi_y & \xi_x \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} x_\xi & y_\xi \\ x_\eta & y_\eta \end{pmatrix} \quad (16)$$

$$x_\xi = \frac{1}{J} \eta_y, \quad y_\xi = -\frac{1}{J} \eta_x, \quad x_\eta = -\frac{1}{J} \xi_y, \quad y_\eta = \frac{1}{J} \xi_x \quad (17)$$

$$\eta_y = J x_\xi, \quad \eta_x = -J y_\xi, \quad \xi_y = -J x_\eta, \quad \xi_x = J y_\eta \quad (18)$$

$$J = \xi_x \eta_y - \xi_y \eta_x = J^2 (x_\xi y_\eta - x_\eta y_\xi) \quad (19)$$

$$J = \frac{1}{x_\xi y_\eta - x_\eta y_\xi} \quad (20)$$

Contravariant components of the velocities in (ξ, η) coordinate, (u^ξ, u^η) , are defined as,

$$u^\xi = \xi_x u + \xi_y v \quad (21)$$

$$u^\eta = \eta_x u + \eta_y v \quad (22)$$

or,

$$\begin{pmatrix} u^\xi \\ u^\eta \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \xi_x & \xi_y \\ \eta_x & \eta_y \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} u \\ v \end{pmatrix} \quad (23)$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} u \\ v \end{pmatrix} = \frac{1}{J} \begin{pmatrix} \eta_y & -\xi_y \\ -\eta_x & \xi_x \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} u^\xi \\ u^\eta \end{pmatrix} \quad (24)$$

3 Derivation of continuity equation in general coordinate system

Left hand side of the continuity equation is,

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{\partial h}{\partial t} + \frac{\partial(hu_x)}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial(hu_y)}{\partial y} \\ &= \frac{\partial h}{\partial t} + \xi_x \frac{\partial(u_x h)}{\partial \xi} + \eta_x \frac{\partial(u_x h)}{\partial \eta} + \xi_y \frac{\partial(u_y h)}{\partial \xi} + \eta_y \frac{\partial(u_y h)}{\partial \eta} \end{aligned} \quad (25)$$

On the other hand,

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{\partial}{\partial \xi} \left(\frac{hu^\xi}{J} \right) = \frac{\partial}{\partial \xi} \left\{ \frac{h}{J} (\xi_x u_x + \xi_y u_y) \right\} \\ &= hu_x \frac{\partial}{\partial \xi} \left(\frac{\xi_x}{J} \right) + \frac{\xi_x}{J} \frac{\partial}{\partial \xi} (hu_x) + hu_y \frac{\partial}{\partial \xi} \left(\frac{\xi_y}{J} \right) + \frac{\xi_y}{J} \frac{\partial}{\partial \xi} (hu_y) \\ &= hu_x \frac{\partial y_\xi}{\partial \xi} + \frac{\xi_x}{J} \frac{\partial}{\partial \xi} (hu_x) - hu_y \frac{\partial x_\eta}{\partial \xi} + \frac{\xi_y}{J} \frac{\partial}{\partial \xi} (hu_y) \\ &= hu_x \frac{\partial^2 y}{\partial \xi \partial \eta} + \frac{\xi_x}{J} \frac{\partial}{\partial \xi} (hu_x) - hu_y \frac{\partial^2 x}{\partial \xi \partial \eta} + \frac{\xi_y}{J} \frac{\partial}{\partial \xi} (hu_y) \end{aligned} \quad (26)$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{\partial}{\partial \eta} \left(\frac{hu^\eta}{J} \right) = \frac{\partial}{\partial \eta} \left\{ \frac{h}{J} (\eta_x u_x + \eta_y u_y) \right\} \\ &= hu_x \frac{\partial}{\partial \eta} \left(\frac{\eta_x}{J} \right) + \frac{\eta_x}{J} \frac{\partial}{\partial \eta} (hu_x) + hu_y \frac{\partial}{\partial \eta} \left(\frac{\eta_y}{J} \right) + \frac{\eta_y}{J} \frac{\partial}{\partial \eta} (hu_y) \\ &= -hu_x \frac{\partial y_\xi}{\partial \eta} + \frac{\eta_x}{J} \frac{\partial}{\partial \eta} (hu_x) + hu_y \frac{\partial x_\xi}{\partial \eta} + \frac{\eta_y}{J} \frac{\partial}{\partial \eta} (hu_y) \\ &= -hu_x \frac{\partial^2 y}{\partial \xi \partial \eta} + \frac{\eta_x}{J} \frac{\partial}{\partial \eta} (hu_x) + hu_y \frac{\partial^2 x}{\partial \xi \partial \eta} + \frac{\eta_y}{J} \frac{\partial}{\partial \eta} (hu_y) \end{aligned} \quad (27)$$

$$\frac{\partial h}{\partial t} + J \{ \text{Eq.(26)} + \text{Eq.(27)} \} = \text{Eq.(25)} = 0 \quad (28)$$

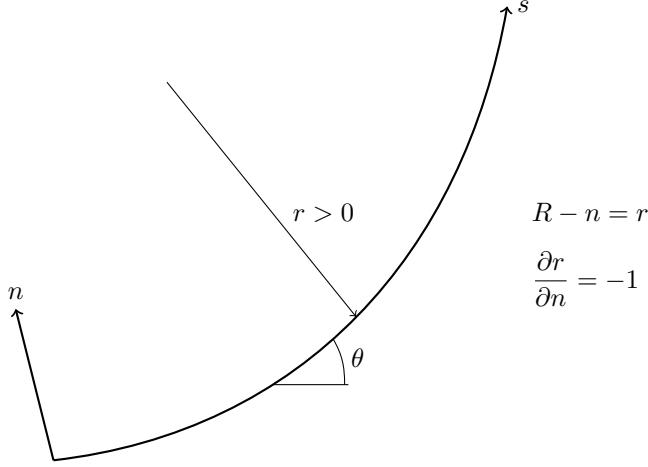


Figure 1: **Definition of channel curvature r**

Then the continuity equation in general coordinate system becomes,

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial t} \left(\frac{h}{J} \right) + \frac{\partial}{\partial \xi} \left(\frac{hu^\xi}{J} \right) + \frac{\partial}{\partial \eta} \left(\frac{hu^\eta}{J} \right) = 0 \quad (29)$$

4 Derivation of continuity equation in curve linear coordinate system in $s-n$ (Method I)

Transformations are conducted as, $(x, y) \rightarrow (\xi, \eta) \rightarrow (s, n)$. Using the relationship of $rd\theta = ds$, in which θ is meander angle, and r is local radius of curvature, followings are derived.

$$\begin{aligned} u_s &= u_x \cos \theta + u_y \sin \theta \\ u_n &= -u_x \sin \theta + u_y \cos \theta \end{aligned} \quad (30)$$

in which u_s and u_n are velocity components in s and n directions.

$$\begin{aligned} d\xi &= \frac{d\theta}{\theta_0} = \frac{1}{r} \frac{ds}{\theta_0} \\ d\eta &= \frac{dn}{B_0} \end{aligned} \quad (31)$$

in which θ_0 is a reference meander angle, and B_0 is the channel width.

$$\begin{aligned} \xi_x &= \frac{\partial \xi}{\partial x} = \frac{1}{r\theta_0} \frac{\partial s}{\partial x} = \frac{1}{r\theta_0} \cos \theta \\ \xi_y &= \frac{\partial \xi}{\partial y} = \frac{1}{r\theta_0} \frac{\partial s}{\partial y} = \frac{1}{r\theta_0} \sin \theta \end{aligned} \quad (32)$$

$$\begin{aligned}\eta_x &= \frac{\partial \eta}{\partial x} = \frac{1}{B_0} \frac{\partial n}{\partial x} = -\frac{1}{B_0} \sin \theta \\ \eta_y &= \frac{\partial \eta}{\partial y} = \frac{1}{B_0} \frac{\partial n}{\partial x} = \frac{1}{B_0} \cos \theta\end{aligned}\quad (33)$$

$$J = \xi_x \eta_y - \eta_x \xi_y = \frac{1}{r \theta_0 B_0} \quad (34)$$

$$\begin{aligned}u^\xi &= \xi_x u_x + \xi_y u_y = \frac{1}{r \theta_0} (u_x \cos \theta + u_y \sin \theta) = \frac{u_s}{r \theta_0} \\ u^\eta &= \eta_x u_x + \eta_y u_y = \frac{1}{B_0} (-u_x \sin \theta + u_y \cos \theta) = \frac{u_n}{B_0}\end{aligned}\quad (35)$$

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial \xi} = r \theta_0 \frac{\partial}{\partial s}, \quad \frac{\partial}{\partial \eta} = B_0 \frac{\partial}{\partial n} \quad (36)$$

Substituting above equations into Eq.(26), the next equation is obtained.

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial t} (hr \theta_0 B_0) + r \theta_0 \frac{\partial}{\partial s} \left(hr \theta_0 B_0 \frac{u_s}{r \theta_0} \right) + B_0 \frac{\partial}{\partial n} \left(hr \theta_0 B_0 \frac{u_n}{B_0} \right) = 0 \quad (37)$$

Thus the momentum equation in $s-n$ curve linear coordinate system is,

$$\frac{\partial h}{\partial t} + \frac{\partial}{\partial s} (hu_s) + \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial}{\partial n} (rh u_n) = 0 \quad (38)$$

5 Derivation of continuity equation in curve linear coordinate system in $s-n$ (Method II)

$$\begin{pmatrix} \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \\ \frac{\partial}{\partial y} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{\partial s}{\partial x} & \frac{\partial n}{\partial x} \\ \frac{\partial s}{\partial y} & \frac{\partial n}{\partial y} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \frac{\partial}{\partial s} \\ \frac{\partial}{\partial n} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \cos \theta & -\sin \theta \\ \sin \theta & \cos \theta \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \frac{\partial}{\partial s} \\ \frac{\partial}{\partial n} \end{pmatrix} \quad (39)$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} \frac{\partial}{\partial s} \\ \frac{\partial}{\partial n} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \cos \theta & \sin \theta \\ -\sin \theta & \cos \theta \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \\ \frac{\partial}{\partial y} \end{pmatrix} \quad (40)$$

$$\begin{aligned}u_s &= \frac{\partial s}{\partial x} u_x + \frac{\partial s}{\partial y} u_y = u_x \cos \theta + u_y \sin \theta \\ u_n &= \frac{\partial n}{\partial x} u_x + \frac{\partial n}{\partial y} u_y = -u_x \sin \theta + u_y \cos \theta\end{aligned}\quad (41)$$

$$\frac{\partial(hu_x)}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial(hu_y)}{\partial y} = \cos \theta \frac{\partial(hu_x)}{\partial s} - \sin \theta \frac{\partial(hu_x)}{\partial n} + \sin \theta \frac{\partial(hu_y)}{\partial s} + \cos \theta \frac{\partial(hu_y)}{\partial n} \quad (42)$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{\partial(hu_s)}{\partial s} + \frac{\partial(hu_n)}{\partial n} = \\ & \frac{\partial}{\partial s} \{ h(u_x \cos \theta + u_y \sin \theta) \} + \frac{\partial}{\partial n} \{ h(-u_x \sin \theta + u_y \cos \theta) \} \\ &= \cos \theta \frac{\partial(u_x h)}{\partial s} + u_x h \frac{\partial(\cos \theta)}{\partial s} + \sin \theta \frac{\partial(u_y h)}{\partial s} + u_y h \frac{\partial(\sin \theta)}{\partial s} \\ & - \sin \theta \frac{\partial(u_x h)}{\partial n} - u_x h \frac{\partial(\sin \theta)}{\partial n} + \cos \theta \frac{\partial(u_y h)}{\partial s} + u_y h \frac{\partial(\cos \theta)}{\partial s} \\ &= \cos \theta \frac{\partial(u_x h)}{\partial s} + \sin \theta \frac{\partial(u_y h)}{\partial s} - u_x h \sin \theta \frac{\partial \theta}{\partial s} + u_y h \cos \theta \frac{\partial \theta}{\partial s} \\ & - \sin \theta \frac{\partial(u_x h)}{\partial n} + \cos \theta \frac{\partial(u_y h)}{\partial n} - u_x h \cos \theta \frac{\partial \theta}{\partial n} - u_y h \sin \theta \frac{\partial \theta}{\partial n} \\ &= \frac{\partial(hu_x)}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial(hu_y)}{\partial y} + \frac{h}{r} (-u_x \sin \theta + u_y \cos \theta) \\ &= \frac{\partial(hu_x)}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial(hu_y)}{\partial y} + \frac{u_n h}{r} \end{aligned} \quad (43)$$

Therefore,

$$\frac{\partial h}{\partial t} + \frac{\partial(hu_x)}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial(hu_y)}{\partial y} = \frac{\partial h}{\partial t} + \frac{\partial(hu_s)}{\partial s} + \frac{\partial(hu_n)}{\partial n} - \frac{hu_n}{r} = 0 \quad (44)$$

6 Momentum equation in general coordinate system (non-conservative form) in ξ - η coordinates

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{\partial u^\xi}{\partial t} + u^\xi \frac{\partial u^\xi}{\partial \xi} + u^\eta \frac{\partial u^\xi}{\partial \eta} + \alpha_1 u^\xi u^\xi + \alpha_2 u^\xi u^\eta + \alpha_3 u^\eta u^\eta = \\ & -g \left[(\xi_x^2 + \xi_y^2) \frac{\partial H}{\partial \xi} + (\xi_x \eta_x + \xi_y \eta_y) \frac{\partial H}{\partial \eta} \right] \\ & - \frac{C_d u^\xi}{h J} \sqrt{(\eta_y u^\xi - \xi_y u^\eta)^2 + (-\eta_x u^\xi + \xi_x u^\eta)^2} + D^\xi \end{aligned} \quad (45)$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{\partial u^\eta}{\partial t} + u^\xi \frac{\partial u^\eta}{\partial \xi} + u^\eta \frac{\partial u^\eta}{\partial \eta} + \alpha_4 u^\xi u^\xi + \alpha_5 u^\xi u^\eta + \alpha_6 u^\eta u^\eta = \\ & -g \left[(\eta_x \xi_x + \eta_y \xi_y) \frac{\partial H}{\partial \xi} + (\eta_x^2 + \eta_y^2) \frac{\partial H}{\partial \eta} \right] \\ & - \frac{C_d u^\eta}{h J} \sqrt{(\eta_y u^\xi - \xi_y u^\eta)^2 + (-\eta_x u^\xi + \xi_x u^\eta)^2} + D^\eta \end{aligned} \quad (46)$$

in which,

$$\alpha_1 = \xi_x \frac{\partial^2 x}{\partial \xi^2} + \xi_y \frac{\partial^2 y}{\partial \xi^2}, \quad \alpha_2 = 2 \left(\xi_x \frac{\partial^2 x}{\partial \xi \partial \eta} + \xi_y \frac{\partial^2 y}{\partial \xi \partial \eta} \right), \quad \alpha_3 = \xi_x \frac{\partial^2 x}{\partial \eta^2} + \xi_y \frac{\partial^2 y}{\partial \eta^2} \quad (47)$$

$$\alpha_4 = \eta_x \frac{\partial^2 x}{\partial \xi^2} + \eta_y \frac{\partial^2 y}{\partial \xi^2}, \quad \alpha_5 = 2 \left(\eta_x \frac{\partial^2 x}{\partial \xi \partial \eta} + \eta_y \frac{\partial^2 y}{\partial \xi \partial \eta} \right), \quad \alpha_6 = \eta_x \frac{\partial^2 x}{\partial \eta^2} + \eta_y \frac{\partial^2 y}{\partial \eta^2} \quad (48)$$

$$D^\xi =$$

$$\left(\xi_x \frac{\partial}{\partial \xi} + \eta_x \frac{\partial}{\partial \eta} \right) \left[\nu_t \left(\xi_x \frac{\partial u^\xi}{\partial \xi} + \eta_x \frac{\partial u^\xi}{\partial \eta} \right) \right] + \left(\xi_y \frac{\partial}{\partial \xi} + \eta_y \frac{\partial}{\partial \eta} \right) \left[\nu_t \left(\xi_y \frac{\partial u^\xi}{\partial \xi} + \eta_y \frac{\partial u^\xi}{\partial \eta} \right) \right] \quad (49)$$

$$D^\eta =$$

$$\left(\xi_x \frac{\partial}{\partial \xi} + \eta_x \frac{\partial}{\partial \eta} \right) \left[\nu_t \left(\xi_x \frac{\partial u^\eta}{\partial \xi} + \eta_x \frac{\partial u^\eta}{\partial \eta} \right) \right] + \left(\xi_y \frac{\partial}{\partial \xi} + \eta_y \frac{\partial}{\partial \eta} \right) \left[\nu_t \left(\xi_y \frac{\partial u^\eta}{\partial \xi} + \eta_y \frac{\partial u^\eta}{\partial \eta} \right) \right] \quad (50)$$

7 Momentum equations in $s - n$ curve linear coordinate system (Method - I)

7.1 Momentum equation in s -direction

$$\boxed{\frac{\partial u^\xi}{\partial t}} = \frac{\partial}{\partial t} \left(\frac{u_s}{r\theta_0} \right) = \boxed{\frac{1}{r\theta_0} \frac{\partial u_s}{\partial t}} \quad (51)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \boxed{u^\xi \frac{\partial u^\xi}{\partial \xi}} &= \frac{u_s}{r\theta_0} r\theta_0 \frac{\partial}{\partial s} \left(\frac{u_s}{r\theta_0} \right) = \frac{u_s}{\theta_0} \frac{\partial}{\partial s} \left(\frac{u_s}{r} \right) = \frac{u_s}{\theta_0} \left[u_s \frac{\partial}{\partial s} \left(\frac{1}{r} \right) + \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial u_s}{\partial s} \right] \\ &= \frac{u_s}{\theta_0} \left[-\frac{u_s}{r^2} \frac{\partial r}{\partial s} + \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial u_s}{\partial s} \right] = \boxed{-\frac{u_s^2}{r^2 \theta_0} \frac{\partial r}{\partial s} + \frac{u_s}{r\theta_0} \frac{\partial u_s}{\partial s}} \end{aligned} \quad (52)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \boxed{u^\eta \frac{\partial u^\xi}{\partial \eta}} &= \frac{u_n}{B_0} B_0 \frac{\partial}{\partial n} \left(\frac{u_s}{r\theta_0} \right) = \frac{u_n}{\theta_0} \frac{\partial}{\partial n} \left(\frac{u_s}{r} \right) = \frac{u_n}{\theta_0} \left[u_s \frac{\partial}{\partial n} \left(\frac{1}{r} \right) + \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial u_s}{\partial n} \right] \\ &= \frac{u_n}{\theta_0} \left[-\frac{u_s}{r^2} \frac{\partial r}{\partial n} + \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial u_s}{\partial n} \right] = \boxed{\frac{u_s u_n}{r^2 \theta_0} + \frac{u_n}{r\theta_0} \frac{\partial u_s}{\partial n}} \end{aligned} \quad (53)$$

$$\xi_x = \frac{1}{r\theta_0} \frac{\partial s}{\partial x} = \frac{1}{r\theta_0} \cos \theta, \quad \xi_y = \frac{1}{r\theta_0} \frac{\partial s}{\partial y} = \frac{1}{r\theta_0} \sin \theta \quad (54)$$

$$\eta_x = \frac{1}{B_0} \frac{\partial n}{\partial x} = -\frac{1}{B_0} \sin \theta, \quad \eta_y = \frac{1}{B_0} \frac{\partial n}{\partial y} = \frac{1}{B_0} \cos \theta, \quad (55)$$

$$\frac{\partial x}{\partial \xi} = r\theta_0 \frac{\partial x}{\partial s} = r\theta_0 \cos \theta, \quad \frac{\partial y}{\partial \xi} = r\theta_0 \frac{\partial y}{\partial s} = r\theta_0 \sin \theta \quad (56)$$

$$\frac{\partial x}{\partial \eta} = B_0 \frac{\partial x}{\partial n} = -B_0 \sin \theta, \quad \frac{\partial y}{\partial \eta} = B_0 \frac{\partial y}{\partial n} = B_0 \cos \theta \quad (57)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\partial^2 x}{\partial \xi^2} &= r\theta_0 \frac{\partial}{\partial s} (r\theta_0 \cos \theta) = r\theta_0^2 \left\{ r \frac{\partial(\cos \theta)}{\partial s} + \frac{\partial r}{\partial s} \cos \theta \right\} \\ &= r\theta_0^2 \left\{ -r \sin \theta \frac{\partial \theta}{\partial s} + \frac{\partial r}{\partial s} \cos \theta \right\} = r\theta_0^2 \left\{ -\sin \theta + \frac{\partial r}{\partial s} \cos \theta \right\} \end{aligned} \quad (58)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\partial^2 y}{\partial \xi^2} &= r\theta_0 \frac{\partial}{\partial s} (r\theta_0 \sin \theta) = r\theta_0^2 \left\{ r \frac{\partial(\sin \theta)}{\partial s} + \frac{\partial r}{\partial s} \sin \theta \right\} \\ &= r\theta_0^2 \left\{ r \cos \theta \frac{\partial \theta}{\partial s} + \frac{\partial r}{\partial s} \sin \theta \right\} = r\theta_0^2 \left\{ \cos \theta + \frac{\partial r}{\partial s} \sin \theta \right\} \end{aligned} \quad (59)$$

$$\frac{\partial^2 x}{\partial \xi \partial \eta} = \frac{\partial}{\partial \eta} (r\theta_0 \cos \theta) = B_0 \frac{\partial}{\partial n} (r\theta_0 \cos \theta) = -B_0 \theta_0 \cos \theta \quad (60)$$

$$\frac{\partial^2 y}{\partial \xi \partial \eta} = \frac{\partial}{\partial \eta} (r\theta_0 \sin \theta) = B_0 \frac{\partial}{\partial n} (r\theta_0 \sin \theta) = -B_0 \theta_0 \sin \theta \quad (61)$$

$$\frac{\partial^2 x}{\partial \eta^2} = B_0 \frac{\partial}{\partial n} (-B_0 \sin \theta) = 0 \quad (62)$$

$$\frac{\partial^2 y}{\partial \eta^2} = B_0 \frac{\partial}{\partial n} (B_0 \cos \theta) = 0 \quad (63)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \boxed{\alpha_1 u^\xi u^\xi} &= \left(\frac{u_s}{r\theta_0} \right)^2 \left[\frac{1}{r\theta_0} \cos \theta r\theta_0^2 \left\{ \sin \theta + \frac{\partial r}{\partial s} \cos \theta \right\} \right. \\ &\quad \left. \frac{1}{r\theta_0} \sin \theta r\theta_0^2 \left\{ -\cos \theta + \frac{\partial r}{\partial s} \sin \theta \right\} \right] \\ &= \left(\frac{u_s}{r\theta_0} \right)^2 \theta_0 \frac{\partial r}{\partial s} = \boxed{\frac{u_s^2}{r^2 \theta_0} \frac{\partial r}{\partial s}} \end{aligned} \quad (64)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \boxed{\alpha_2 u^\xi u^\eta} &= -2 \left(\frac{u_s}{r\theta_0} \right) \left(\frac{u_n}{B_0} \right) \left(\frac{\cos \theta}{r\theta_0} B_0 \theta_0 \cos \theta + \frac{\sin \theta}{r\theta_0} B_0 \theta_0 \sin \theta \right) \\ &= \boxed{-\frac{2}{r^2 \theta_0} u_s u_n} \end{aligned} \quad (65)$$

$$\boxed{\alpha_3 u^\eta u^\eta} = \boxed{0} \quad (66)$$

Therefore, advection terms of momentum equation in s -direction becomes,

$$\begin{aligned} &\frac{\partial u^\xi}{\partial t} + u^\xi \frac{\partial u^\xi}{\partial \xi} + u^\eta \frac{\partial u^\xi}{\partial \eta} + \alpha_1 u^\xi u^\xi + \alpha_2 u^\xi u^\eta + \alpha_3 u^\eta u^\eta \\ &= \frac{1}{r\theta_0} \frac{\partial u_s}{\partial t} - \frac{u_s^2}{r^2 \theta_0} \frac{\partial r}{\partial s} + \frac{u_s}{r\theta_0} \frac{\partial u_s}{\partial s} + \frac{u_s u_n}{r^2 \theta_0} + \frac{u_n}{r\theta_0} \frac{\partial u_s}{\partial n} + \frac{u_s^2}{r^2 \theta_0} \frac{\partial r}{\partial s} - \frac{2u_s u_n}{r^2 \theta_0} \end{aligned}$$

$$= \frac{1}{r\theta_0} \left[\frac{\partial u_s}{\partial t} + u_s \frac{\partial u_s}{\partial s} + u_n \frac{\partial u_s}{\partial n} - \frac{u_s u_n}{r} \right] \quad (67)$$

$$\xi_x^2 + \xi_y^2 = \left(\frac{1}{r\theta_0} \cos \theta \right)^2 + \left(\frac{1}{r\theta_0} \sin \theta \right)^2 = \frac{1}{r^2 \theta_0^2} \quad (68)$$

$$\xi_x \eta_x + \xi_y \eta_y = -\frac{\cos \theta \sin \theta}{r\theta_0 B_0} + \frac{\cos \theta \sin \theta}{r\theta_0 B_0} = 0 \quad (69)$$

Pressure term of the momentum equation in s -direction.

$$-g \left[(\xi_x^2 + \xi_y^2) \frac{\partial H}{\partial \xi} + (\xi_x \eta_x + \xi_y \eta_y) \frac{\partial H}{\partial \eta} \right] = -\frac{g}{r^2 \theta_0^2} r\theta_0 \frac{\partial H}{\partial s} = -\frac{g}{r\theta_0} \frac{\partial H}{\partial s} \quad (70)$$

$$(\eta_y u^\xi - \xi_y u^\eta)^2 = \left(\frac{\cos \theta}{B_0} \frac{u_s}{r\theta_0} - \frac{\sin \theta}{r\theta_0} \frac{u_n}{B_0} \right)^2$$

$$\frac{1}{(B_0 r\theta_0)^2} (u_s^2 \cos^2 \theta - 2u_s u_n \cos \theta \sin \theta + u_n^2 \sin^2 \theta) \quad (71)$$

$$(-\eta_x u^\xi + \xi_x u^\eta)^2 = \left(\frac{\sin \theta}{B_0} \frac{u_s}{r\theta_0} + \frac{\cos \theta}{r\theta_0} \frac{u_n}{B_0} \right)^2$$

$$\frac{1}{(B_0 r\theta_0)^2} (u_s^2 \sin^2 \theta + 2u_s u_n \cos \theta \sin \theta + u_n^2 \cos^2 \theta) \quad (72)$$

$$-\frac{C_d u^\xi}{h J} = -\frac{C_d r\theta_0 B_0}{h} \frac{u_s}{r\theta_0} \quad (73)$$

Friction term of the momentum equation in s -direction.

$$-\frac{C_d u^\xi}{h J} \sqrt{(\eta_y u^\xi - \xi_y u^\eta)^2 + (-\eta_x u^\xi + \xi_x u^\eta)^2}$$

$$= -\frac{C_d B_0 u_s}{h} \sqrt{\frac{u_s^2 + u_n^2}{(B_0 r\theta_0)^2}} = -\frac{C_d u_s \sqrt{u_s^2 + u_n^2}}{h r\theta_0} \quad (74)$$

Finally, the momentum equation in s -direction (non-conservative form) is derived as,

$$\boxed{\frac{\partial u_s}{\partial t} + u_s \frac{\partial u_s}{\partial s} + u_n \frac{\partial u_s}{\partial n} - \frac{u_s u_n}{r} = -g \frac{\partial H}{\partial s} - \frac{C_d u_s \sqrt{u_s^2 + u_n^2}}{h} + D_s} \quad (75)$$

In order to express in conservative form, setting the right hand side of the above equation as S_s , and using the continuity equation,

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\partial(h u_s)}{\partial t} &= h \frac{\partial u_s}{\partial t} + u_s \frac{\partial h}{\partial t} \\ &= h \left(S_s - u_s \frac{\partial u_s}{\partial s} - u_n \frac{\partial u_s}{\partial n} + \frac{u_s u_n}{r} \right) - u_s \left\{ \frac{\partial(h u_s)}{\partial s} + \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial(r h u_n)}{\partial n} \right\} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
&= hS_s - hu_s \frac{\partial u_s}{\partial s} - hu_n \frac{\partial u_s}{\partial n} + \frac{hu_s u_n}{r} \\
&\quad - u_s \left\{ h \frac{\partial u_s}{\partial s} + u_s \frac{\partial h}{\partial s} \frac{1}{r} \left(rh \frac{\partial u_n}{\partial n} + ru_n \frac{\partial h}{\partial n} - hu_n \frac{\partial r}{\partial n} \right) \right\} \\
&= hS_s - hu_s \frac{\partial u_s}{\partial s} - hu_n \frac{\partial u_s}{\partial n} + \frac{hu_s u_n}{r} \\
&\quad - u_s h \frac{\partial u_s}{\partial s} - u_s^2 \frac{\partial h}{\partial s} - u_s h \frac{\partial u_n}{\partial n} - u_s u_n \frac{\partial h}{\partial n} + \frac{hu_s u_n}{r} \\
&= hS_s + \frac{2hu_s u_n}{r} \\
&\quad - 2u_s h \frac{\partial u_s}{\partial s} - u_s^2 \frac{\partial h}{\partial s} - u_s h \frac{\partial u_n}{\partial n} - hu_n \frac{\partial u_s}{\partial n} - u_s u_n \frac{\partial h}{\partial n} \\
&= - \left\{ \frac{\partial(u_s^2 h)}{\partial s} + \frac{\partial(u_s u_n h)}{\partial n} \right\} + \frac{2hu_s u_n}{r} + hS_s
\end{aligned} \tag{76}$$

Consequently, the momentum equation in s -direction in conservative form becomes,

$$\boxed{\frac{\partial(hu_s)}{\partial t} + \frac{\partial(u_s^2 h)}{\partial s} + \frac{\partial(u_s u_n h)}{\partial n} - \frac{2hu_s u_n}{r} = -gh \frac{\partial H}{\partial s} - C_d u_s \sqrt{u_s^2 + u_n^2} + hD_s} \tag{77}$$

7.2 Momentum equation in n -direction

$$\boxed{\frac{\partial u^\eta}{\partial t}} = \frac{\partial}{\partial t} \left(\frac{u_n}{B_0} \right) = \boxed{\frac{1}{B_0} \frac{\partial u_n}{\partial t}} \tag{78}$$

$$\boxed{u^\xi \frac{\partial u^\eta}{\partial \xi}} = \frac{u_s}{r\theta_0} r\theta_0 \frac{\partial}{\partial s} \left(\frac{u_n}{B_0} \right) = \boxed{\frac{u_s}{B_0} \frac{\partial u_n}{\partial s}} \tag{79}$$

$$\boxed{u^\eta \frac{\partial u^\eta}{\partial \eta}} = \frac{u_n}{B_0} B_0 \frac{\partial}{\partial n} \left(\frac{u_n}{B_0} \right) = \boxed{\frac{u_n}{B_0} \frac{\partial u_n}{\partial n}} \tag{80}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\alpha_4 u^\xi u^\xi &= \left(\frac{u_s}{r\theta_0} \right)^2 \left[-\frac{\sin \theta}{B_0} r\theta_0^2 \left\{ \sin \theta + \frac{\partial r}{\partial s} \cos \theta \right\} + \frac{\cos \theta}{B_0} r\theta_0^2 \left\{ -\cos \theta + \frac{\partial r}{\partial s} \sin \theta \right\} \right] \\
&= \left(\frac{u_s}{r\theta_0} \right)^2 \left(-\frac{r\theta_0^2}{B_0} \right) = -\frac{u_s^2}{rB_0}
\end{aligned} \tag{81}$$

$$\alpha_5 u^\xi u^\eta = 2 \left(\frac{u_s}{r\theta_0} \right) \left(\frac{u_n}{B_0} \right) \left\{ -\frac{\sin \theta}{B_0} (-B_0 \theta_0 \cos \theta) + \frac{\cos \theta}{B_0} (-B_0 \sin \theta) \right\} = 0 \tag{82}$$

$$\alpha_6 u^\eta u^\eta = 0 \tag{83}$$

Therefore, the advection term of the momentum equation in n -direction becomes,

$$\frac{\partial u^\eta}{\partial t} + u^\xi \frac{\partial u^\eta}{\partial \xi} + u^\eta \frac{\partial u^\eta}{\partial \eta} + \alpha_4 u^\xi u^\xi + \alpha_5 u^\xi u^\eta + \alpha_6 u^\eta u^\eta$$

$$\begin{aligned}
&= \frac{1}{B_0} \frac{\partial u_s}{\partial t} + \frac{u_s}{B_0} \frac{\partial u_n}{\partial s} + \frac{u_n}{B_0} \frac{\partial u_n}{\partial n} + \frac{u_s^2}{r B_0} \\
&= \frac{1}{B_0} \left[\frac{\partial u_s}{\partial t} + \frac{\partial u_n}{\partial s} + \frac{\partial u_n}{\partial n} + \frac{u_s^2}{r} \right]
\end{aligned} \tag{84}$$

Other terms are also derived and the momentum equation in n -direction becomes as follows:

$$\boxed{\frac{\partial u_n}{\partial t} + u_s \frac{\partial u_n}{\partial s} + u_n \frac{\partial u_n}{\partial n} + \frac{u_s^2}{r} = -g \frac{\partial H}{\partial n} - \frac{C_d u_n \sqrt{u_s^2 + u_n^2}}{h} + D_n} \tag{85}$$

For the conservative form expression, setting the right hand side terms of above equation as S_s , and using continuity equation,

$$\begin{aligned}
\frac{\partial(hu_n)}{\partial t} &= h \frac{\partial u_n}{\partial t} + u_n \frac{\partial h}{\partial t} \\
&= h \left(S_n - u_s \frac{\partial u_n}{\partial s} - u_n \frac{\partial u_n}{\partial n} - \frac{u_s^2}{r} \right) - u_n \left\{ \frac{\partial(hu_s)}{\partial s} + \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial(rhu_n)}{\partial n} \right\} \\
&= hS_n - hu_s \frac{\partial u_n}{\partial s} - hu_n \frac{\partial u_n}{\partial n} - \frac{hu_s^2}{r} \\
&\quad - u_n \left\{ h \frac{\partial u_s}{\partial s} + u_s \frac{\partial h}{\partial s} + \frac{1}{r} \left(rh \frac{\partial u_n}{\partial n} + ru_n \frac{\partial h}{\partial n} + hu_n \frac{\partial r}{\partial n} \right) \right\} \\
&= hS_n - hu_s \frac{\partial u_n}{\partial s} - hu_n \frac{\partial u_n}{\partial n} - \frac{hu_s^2}{r} \\
&\quad - u_n h \frac{\partial u_s}{\partial s} - u_s u_n \frac{\partial h}{\partial s} - u_n h \frac{\partial u_n}{\partial n} - u_n^2 \frac{\partial h}{\partial n} - \frac{hu_n^2}{r} \\
&= hS_n + \frac{h(-u_s^2 + u_n^2)}{r} \\
&\quad - 2u_n h \frac{\partial u_n}{\partial n} - u_n^2 \frac{\partial h}{\partial n} - u_n h \frac{\partial u_s}{\partial s} - hu_s \frac{\partial u_n}{\partial s} - u_s u_n \frac{\partial h}{\partial s} \\
&= - \left\{ \frac{\partial(u_s u_n h)}{\partial s} + \frac{\partial(u_n^2 h)}{\partial n} \right\} + \frac{h(-u_s^2 + u_n^2)}{r} + hS_n
\end{aligned} \tag{86}$$

Finally, the momentum equation in n -direction in conservative form is derived as follows:

$$\boxed{\frac{\partial(hu_n)}{\partial t} + \frac{\partial(u_s u_n h)}{\partial s} + \frac{\partial(u_n^2 h)}{\partial n} + \frac{h(u_s^2 - u_n^2)}{r} = -gh \frac{\partial H}{\partial n} - C_d u_n \sqrt{u_s^2 + u_n^2} + hD_n} \tag{87}$$

8 Derivation of the momentum equation in (s, n) coordinate system (Medothd - II)

$$\frac{\partial u_x}{\partial t} + u_x \frac{\partial u_x}{\partial x} + u_y \frac{\partial u_x}{\partial y} = S_x$$

$$\frac{\partial u_y}{\partial t} + u_x \frac{\partial u_y}{\partial x} + u_y \frac{\partial u_y}{\partial y} = S_y \quad (88)$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{\partial u_x}{\partial t} + u_x \frac{\partial u_x}{\partial x} + u_y \frac{\partial u_x}{\partial y} \\ &= \frac{\partial u_x}{\partial t} + u_x \left(\cos \theta \frac{\partial u_x}{\partial s} - \sin \theta \frac{\partial u_x}{\partial n} \right) + u_y \left(\sin \theta \frac{\partial u_x}{\partial s} + \cos \theta \frac{\partial u_x}{\partial n} \right) \\ &= \frac{\partial u_x}{\partial t} + \frac{\partial u_x}{\partial s} (u_x \cos \theta + u_y \sin \theta) + \frac{\partial u_x}{\partial n} (-u_x \sin \theta + u_y \cos \theta) \\ &= \frac{\partial u_x}{\partial t} + u_s \frac{\partial u_x}{\partial s} + u_n \frac{\partial u_x}{\partial n} \end{aligned} \quad (89)$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{\partial u_y}{\partial t} + u_x \frac{\partial u_y}{\partial x} + u_y \frac{\partial u_y}{\partial y} \\ &= \frac{\partial u_x}{\partial t} + u_x \left(\cos \theta \frac{\partial u_y}{\partial s} - \sin \theta \frac{\partial u_y}{\partial n} \right) + u_y \left(\sin \theta \frac{\partial u_y}{\partial s} + \cos \theta \frac{\partial u_y}{\partial n} \right) \\ &= \frac{\partial u_y}{\partial t} + \frac{\partial u_y}{\partial s} (u_x \cos \theta + u_y \sin \theta) + \frac{\partial u_y}{\partial n} (-u_x \sin \theta + u_y \cos \theta) \\ &= \frac{\partial u_y}{\partial t} + u_s \frac{\partial u_y}{\partial s} + u_n \frac{\partial u_y}{\partial n} \end{aligned} \quad (90)$$

8.1 Advection terms in *s*-direction

$$\begin{aligned} S_s &= S_x \cos \theta + S_y \sin \theta \\ & \left(\frac{\partial u_x}{\partial t} + u_s \frac{\partial u_x}{\partial s} + u_n \frac{\partial u_x}{\partial n} \right) \cos \theta + \left(\frac{\partial u_y}{\partial t} + u_s \frac{\partial u_y}{\partial s} + u_n \frac{\partial u_y}{\partial n} \right) \sin \theta \\ &= \frac{\partial u_s}{\partial t} + \cos \theta u_s \frac{\partial}{\partial s} (u_s \cos \theta - u_n \sin \theta) + \cos \theta u_n \frac{\partial}{\partial n} (u_s \cos \theta - u_n \sin \theta) \\ & \quad + \sin \theta u_s \frac{\partial}{\partial s} (u_s \sin \theta + u_n \cos \theta) + \sin \theta u_n \frac{\partial}{\partial n} (u_s \sin \theta + u_n \cos \theta) \end{aligned} \quad (91)$$

$$\begin{aligned} &= \frac{\partial u_s}{\partial t} + u_s \cos^2 \theta \frac{\partial u_s}{\partial s} + u_s^2 \cos \theta \frac{\partial (\cos \theta)}{\partial s} - u_s \sin \theta \cos \theta \frac{\partial u_n}{\partial s} - u_s u_n \cos \theta \frac{\partial (\sin \theta)}{\partial s} \\ & \quad + u_n \cos^2 \theta \frac{\partial u_s}{\partial n} + u_s u_n \cos \theta \frac{\partial (\cos \theta)}{\partial n} - u_n \sin \theta \cos \theta \frac{\partial u_n}{\partial n} - u_n^2 \cos \theta \frac{\partial (\sin \theta)}{\partial n} \\ & \quad + u_s \sin^2 \theta \frac{\partial u_s}{\partial s} + u_s^2 \sin \theta \frac{\partial (\sin \theta)}{\partial s} + u_s \sin \theta \cos \theta \frac{\partial u_n}{\partial s} + u_s u_n \sin \theta \frac{\partial (\cos \theta)}{\partial s} \\ & \quad + u_n \sin^2 \theta \frac{\partial u_s}{\partial n} + u_s u_n \sin \theta \frac{\partial (\sin \theta)}{\partial n} + u_n \sin \theta \cos \theta \frac{\partial u_n}{\partial n} + u_n^2 \sin \theta \frac{\partial (\cos \theta)}{\partial n} \end{aligned} \quad (92)$$

$$= \frac{\partial u_s}{\partial t} + u_s \frac{\partial u_s}{\partial s} + u_n \frac{\partial u_s}{\partial n}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& + u_s^2 \cos \theta \frac{\partial(\cos \theta)}{\partial s} - u_s u_n \cos \theta \frac{\partial(\sin \theta)}{\partial s} + u_s u_n \cos \theta \frac{\partial(\cos \theta)}{\partial n} - u_n^2 \cos \theta \frac{\partial(\sin \theta)}{\partial n} \\
& + u_s^2 \sin \theta \frac{\partial(\sin \theta)}{\partial s} + u_s u_n \sin \theta \frac{\partial(\cos \theta)}{\partial s} + u_s u_n \sin \theta \frac{\partial(\sin \theta)}{\partial n} + u_n^2 \sin \theta \frac{\partial(\cos \theta)}{\partial n} \tag{93}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& = \frac{\partial u_s}{\partial t} + u_s \frac{\partial u_s}{\partial s} + u_n \frac{\partial u_s}{\partial n} \\
& + u_s^2 \left\{ \sin \theta \frac{\partial(\sin \theta)}{\partial s} + \cos \theta \frac{\partial(\cos \theta)}{\partial s} \right\} \\
& + u_s u_n \left\{ \cos \theta \frac{\partial(\cos \theta)}{\partial n} - \cos \theta \frac{\partial(\sin \theta)}{\partial s} + \sin \theta \frac{\partial(\cos \theta)}{\partial s} + \sin \theta \frac{\partial(\sin \theta)}{\partial n} \right\} \\
& + u_n^2 \left\{ \sin \theta \frac{\partial(\cos \theta)}{\partial n} - \cos \theta \frac{\partial(\sin \theta)}{\partial n} \right\} \tag{94}
\end{aligned}$$

in which,

$$\sin \theta \frac{\partial(\sin \theta)}{\partial s} + \cos \theta \frac{\partial(\cos \theta)}{\partial s} = \sin \theta \cos \theta \frac{\partial \theta}{\partial s} - \cos \theta \sin \theta \frac{\partial \theta}{\partial s} = 0 \tag{95}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \cos \theta \frac{\partial(\cos \theta)}{\partial n} - \cos \theta \frac{\partial(\sin \theta)}{\partial s} + \sin \theta \frac{\partial(\cos \theta)}{\partial s} + \sin \theta \frac{\partial(\sin \theta)}{\partial n} \\
& = -\cos \theta \sin \theta \frac{\partial \theta}{\partial n} - \cos^2 \theta \frac{\partial \theta}{\partial s} - \sin^2 \theta \frac{\partial \theta}{\partial s} + \sin \theta \cos \theta \frac{\partial \theta}{\partial n} \\
& = -\frac{\partial \theta}{\partial s} = -\frac{1}{r} \tag{96}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\sin \theta \frac{\partial(\cos \theta)}{\partial n} - \cos \theta \frac{\partial(\sin \theta)}{\partial n} = -\sin^2 \theta \frac{\partial \theta}{\partial n} - \cos^2 \theta \frac{\partial \theta}{\partial n} = -\frac{\partial \theta}{\partial n} = 0 \tag{97}$$

then,

$$S_s = \frac{\partial u_s}{\partial t} + u_s \frac{\partial u_s}{\partial s} + u_n \frac{\partial u_s}{\partial n} - \frac{u_s u_n}{r} \tag{98}$$

8.2 Advection terms in n -direction

$$\begin{aligned}
S_n &= -S_x \sin \theta + S_y \cos \theta \\
& - \left(\frac{\partial u_x}{\partial t} + u_s \frac{\partial u_x}{\partial s} + u_n \frac{\partial u_x}{\partial n} \right) \sin \theta + \left(\frac{\partial u_y}{\partial t} + u_s \frac{\partial u_y}{\partial s} + u_n \frac{\partial u_y}{\partial n} \right) \cos \theta \\
& = \frac{\partial u_n}{\partial t} - \sin \theta u_s \frac{\partial}{\partial s} (u_s \cos \theta - u_n \sin \theta) - \sin \theta u_n \frac{\partial}{\partial n} (u_s \cos \theta - u_n \sin \theta) \\
& + \cos \theta u_s \frac{\partial}{\partial s} (u_s \sin \theta + u_n \cos \theta) + \cos \theta u_n \frac{\partial}{\partial n} (u_s \sin \theta + u_n \cos \theta) \tag{99} \\
& = \frac{\partial u_n}{\partial t} - u_s \sin \theta \cos \theta \frac{\partial u_s}{\partial s} - u_s^2 \sin \theta \frac{\partial(\cos \theta)}{\partial s} + u_s \sin^2 \theta \frac{\partial u_n}{\partial s} + u_s u_n \sin \theta \frac{\partial(\sin \theta)}{\partial s}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& -u_n \sin \theta \cos \theta \frac{\partial u_s}{\partial n} - u_s u_n \sin \theta \frac{\partial(\cos \theta)}{\partial n} + u_n \sin^2 \theta \frac{\partial u_n}{\partial n} + u_n^2 \sin \theta \frac{\partial(\sin \theta)}{\partial n} \\
& + u_s \cos \theta \sin \theta \frac{\partial u_s}{\partial s} + u_s^2 \cos \theta \frac{\partial(\sin \theta)}{\partial s} + u_s \cos^2 \theta \frac{\partial u_n}{\partial s} + u_s u_n \cos \theta \frac{\partial(\cos \theta)}{\partial s} \\
& + u_n \sin \theta \cos \theta \frac{\partial u_s}{\partial n} + u_s u_n \cos \theta \frac{\partial(\sin \theta)}{\partial n} + u_n \cos^2 \theta \frac{\partial u_n}{\partial n} + u_n^2 \cos \theta \frac{\partial(\cos \theta)}{\partial n} \quad (100)
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& = \frac{\partial u_n}{\partial t} + u_s \frac{\partial u_n}{\partial s} + u_n \frac{\partial u_n}{\partial n} \\
& - u_s^2 \sin \theta \frac{\partial(\cos \theta)}{\partial s} + u_s u_n \sin \theta \frac{\partial(\sin \theta)}{\partial s} - u_s u_n \sin \theta \frac{\partial(\cos \theta)}{\partial n} + u_n^2 \sin \theta \frac{\partial(\sin \theta)}{\partial n} \\
& + u_s^2 \cos \theta \frac{\partial(\sin \theta)}{\partial s} + u_s u_n \cos \theta \frac{\partial(\cos \theta)}{\partial s} + u_s u_n \cos \theta \frac{\partial(\sin \theta)}{\partial n} + u_n^2 \cos \theta \frac{\partial(\cos \theta)}{\partial n} \quad (101)
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& = \frac{\partial u_n}{\partial t} + u_s \frac{\partial u_n}{\partial s} + u_n \frac{\partial u_n}{\partial n} \\
& + u_s^2 \left\{ -\sin \theta \frac{\partial(\cos \theta)}{\partial s} + \cos \theta \frac{\partial(\sin \theta)}{\partial s} \right\} \\
& + u_s u_n \left\{ \sin \theta \frac{\partial(\sin \theta)}{\partial s} - \sin \theta \frac{\partial(\cos \theta)}{\partial n} + \cos \theta \frac{\partial(\cos \theta)}{\partial s} + \cos \theta \frac{\partial(\sin \theta)}{\partial n} \right\} \\
& + u_n^2 \left\{ \sin \theta \frac{\partial(\sin \theta)}{\partial n} + \cos \theta \frac{\partial(\cos \theta)}{\partial n} \right\} \quad (102)
\end{aligned}$$

in which,

$$-\sin \theta \frac{\partial(\cos \theta)}{\partial s} + \cos \theta \frac{\partial(\sin \theta)}{\partial s} = \sin^2 \theta \frac{\partial \theta}{\partial s} + \cos^2 \theta \frac{\partial \theta}{\partial s} = \frac{1}{r} \quad (103)$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \sin \theta \frac{\partial(\sin \theta)}{\partial s} - \sin \theta \frac{\partial(\cos \theta)}{\partial n} + \cos \theta \frac{\partial(\cos \theta)}{\partial s} + \cos \theta \frac{\partial(\sin \theta)}{\partial n} \\
& = \sin \theta \cos \theta \frac{\partial \theta}{\partial s} + \sin^2 \theta \frac{\partial \theta}{\partial n} - \sin \theta \cos \theta \frac{\partial \theta}{\partial s} + \cos^2 \theta \frac{\partial \theta}{\partial n} \\
& = \frac{\partial \theta}{\partial n} = 0 \quad (104)
\end{aligned}$$

$$\sin \theta \frac{\partial(\sin \theta)}{\partial n} + \cos \theta \frac{\partial(\cos \theta)}{\partial n} = +\sin \theta \cos \theta \frac{\partial \theta}{\partial n} - \sin \theta \cos \theta \frac{\partial \theta}{\partial n} = 0 \quad (105)$$

then,

$$S_n = \frac{\partial u_n}{\partial t} + u_s \frac{\partial u_n}{\partial s} + u_n \frac{\partial u_n}{\partial n} + \frac{u_s^2}{r} \quad (106)$$

Others are the same as the previous section.

9 Summary

Basic equations are summarized as follows:

9.1 Continuity equation

$$\frac{\partial h}{\partial t} + \frac{\partial(hu_s)}{\partial s} + \frac{\partial(hu_n)}{\partial n} - \frac{hu_n}{r} = 0 \quad (107)$$

9.2 Momentum equations (non-conservative form)

$$\frac{\partial u_s}{\partial t} + u_s \frac{\partial u_s}{\partial s} + u_n \frac{\partial u_s}{\partial n} - \frac{u_s u_n}{r} = -g \frac{\partial H}{\partial s} - \frac{C_d u_s \sqrt{u_s^2 + u_n^2}}{h} + D_s \quad (108)$$

$$\frac{\partial u_n}{\partial t} + u_s \frac{\partial u_n}{\partial s} + u_n \frac{\partial u_n}{\partial n} + \frac{u_s^2}{r} = -g \frac{\partial H}{\partial n} - \frac{C_d u_n \sqrt{u_s^2 + u_n^2}}{h} + D_n \quad (109)$$

9.3 Momentum equations (conservative form)

$$\frac{\partial(hu_s)}{\partial t} + \frac{\partial(u_s^2 h)}{\partial s} + \frac{\partial(u_s u_n h)}{\partial n} - \frac{2hu_s u_n}{r} = -gh \frac{\partial H}{\partial s} - C_d u_s \sqrt{u_s^2 + u_n^2} + hD_s \quad (110)$$

$$\frac{\partial(hu_n)}{\partial t} + \frac{\partial(u_s u_n h)}{\partial s} + \frac{\partial(u_n^2 h)}{\partial n} + \frac{h(u_s^2 - u_n^2)}{r} = -gh \frac{\partial H}{\partial n} - C_d u_n \sqrt{u_s^2 + u_n^2} + hD_n \quad (111)$$